SCDD Report to SSDAC

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Overview

- SDP Orientation Update
- Legislative Update
- Medicaid Update
- SCDD Coro Fellow Assignment

- ▶ Total Project Update (July 2022 December 2024)
 - 294 training sessions
 - 185 English
 - 92 Spanish
 - 4 Vietnamese
 - 3 Chinese
 - 2 Tagalog
 - 2 Korean
 - 2 ASL
 - 1 Each Armenian, Arabic, Hmong, Farsi

- Total Project Update (July 2022 December 2024)
 - 7,466 participants
 - 6,358 English
 - 868 Spanish
 - 100 Chinese
 - 46 Korean
 - 32 Vietnamese
 - 21 Tagalog
 - 14 Arabic
 - 13 Armenian
 - 13 Farsi
 - 1 Hmong

- Who's Attending?
 - 77% Family Members
 - 10% Self-Advocates
 - 13% Professionals
- Ethnicity
 - 24% Decline to answer
 - 28% White
 - 14% Asian Pacific Islander
 - 18% Hispanic/Latino/Latinx
 - 7% Black/African American
 - 9% Other

- What are they saying?
 - 92% find information very or extremely useful
- Do you plan on enrolling in SDP?
 - 81% yes
 - 16% undecided
 - 1% no
 - 1% already enrolled in SDP
- We are collecting optional feedback at 3 & 6-month post-orientation intervals. Let us know how things are going!
- Please reach out to Christine Tolbert at <u>christine.tolbert@scdd.ca.gov</u> to collaborate on a dedicated training.

Legislative Update: Senate Bill 1281

Title:

Advancing Equity and Access in the Self-Determination Program Act

Status:

Vetoed by Governor. The veto message stated that the Master Plan on Developmental Services should be the vehicle used to make changes to SDP.

Medicaid Update: What Is Medicaid?

Medicaid is a program in the United States (U.S.) funded by Congress that helps people pay for healthcare and other services.

Healthcare is important for people with disabilities and seniors.

- Without access to the health care and services we need, people with disabilities and seniors will live worse lives.
- Healthcare costs a lot of money. So, many people need government programs to help us pay for healthcare and stay healthy.

Programs that help people pay for healthcare are called **health insurance** programs.

- Medicaid is a health insurance program by the U.S. government (federal government).
- The federal government and each state government work together to fund and run Medicaid.

Medicaid Update: What Does Medicaid Mean to Me?

In California, Medicaid funds many programs.

Some programs funded by federal Medicaid dollars are:

- Regional center services and the Self-Determination Program (Home and Community Based Services)
- In-Home Supportive Services (IHSS)
- Medi-Cal Health Insurance
- Women, Infants & Children (WIC)
- Senior nutrition programs, like Meals on Wheels
- School services for children on Medi-Cal
- Foster youth

Medicaid Update: What Does Medicaid Mean to Me?

To pay for Medicaid programs, the federal government shares the cost with each state.

Without this **federal match** states would not have enough money for their Medicaid programs.

If they get less money, states would need to:

- raise taxes to pay for services
- have fewer people receive services
- or not have as many services.

Ideas to change Medicaid funding could happen soon:

- The U.S. House in Congress released a plan to <u>cut \$1.5 to \$2 trillion</u> from the federal budget, which includes <u>\$880 billion from Medicaid</u>.
 - Work requirements (cut \$100 billion)
 - Per Capita Caps (cut \$588 billion to \$893 billion)
 - Block Grants (cut \$459 billion to \$742 billion)
 - Reduce matching rate for Covered CA (\$561 billion)
- Bottom line: These ideas mean states would get <u>much less money to</u> <u>pay for Medicaid programs</u>.
- Note: the Senate could have their own ideas
- Note: the ideas could change

Medicaid Update: What We're Hearing

Community...
"This won't happen.
They'd never do this.
This is fake news.
This will happen to immigrants, not us."

Answer...
This is happening.
Congress put it in print.

The cuts are so big that it will happen to everyone in these programs.

Both the House and Senate want to use the "Budget Reconciliation" process

- "Reconciliation" = A shortcut to bring federal spending, revenue, and the debt limit into alignment with the targets set in the budget resolution.
- It's quicker than the regular budget process: no hearings/briefings. Limited debate. Limited amendments.
- It's easier to pass: In the Senate, reconciliation bills can pass with a simple majority vote (51 votes). Not the 60-vote needed for the regular budget bill.
- Process for Reconciliation
 - Step 1) "Budget Resolution." This sets goals and targets for spending cuts.
 - Step 2) "Budget Reconciliation" This bill has details on spending cuts. Note: The Reconciliation bill must meet the spending cut goals in the Resolution.

If the past is a lesson for now, Congress could move fast

- Congress tried to cut Medicaid before in 2017.
- They used reconciliation.
- The bill took only two months to go through all the steps needed to become law.
- It was defeated by one vote.

How fast?

House and Senate announced a timeline for the resolution:

Senate vote on resolution February 21 House vote on resolution February 28

Send resolution to the President by February 28

If passed, the Budget Reconciliation may be in April or May. But the Resolution sets the cuts.

Now is the time to act.

Medicaid Update: What Can I Do?

Tell your Medicaid Story

Connecting with your representative in Congress on Medicaid is always worth your time:

- Many representatives and their staff are new.
- Most do not know that Medicaid pays for services that are important to people with disabilities, developmental disabilities, and seniors.
- Most do not know all that Medicaid funds, like regional center services and IHSS.
- Most do not know that regional center services and IHSS make it possible for people with disabilities to live in the community instead of institutions.

Medicaid Update: Telling Your Story

Your Medicaid story is easy to tell, it's talking about your life "My name is ____." "I am your constituent and live in ____." (city or county in their district) "I am a ____." (person with a disability, a senior, a family member, a care provider) "Here's what my life is like now because of Medicaid programs" (ex. I live in a home in the community, not in an institution. I work/volunteer/go to school)

"Medicaid programs make this possible"

(ex. I need people paid by Medicaid to get me out of bed, get to medications, to get to appointments, to help me go where I want to go, to live on my own)

"Cutting Medicaid funding will mean I can't live my life as I do now"

SCDD CORO Fellow Assignment

SCDD Participates in the Coro Fellowship in Public Affairs - this year we asked the Coro fellow to assist an SDP-focused project.

2023 SDP Evaluation found that administrative burdens are the largest challenge faced by SDP participants.

We asked for assistance with a project aimed at addressing the administrative burdens associated with budget development in the SDP.

Thank you!

Questions? Comments?

